

## Measuring transducers

**I 480** for alternating current  
**U 480** for alternating voltage

(with or without suppressed initial range)

**U 484** for alternating voltage

(designed to withstand nominal voltage  
 e.g. 0-15 V, withstand 110 V).

I 480, U 480 and U 484 are transducers converting a sinusoidal AC current/voltage into a load independent DC signal proportional to the measured value that can be connected to one or several receiving instruments such as indicators, recorders, controllers etc.

The transducers measure rectified average value and show effective value at sine wave-form. They work with auxiliary power and have galvanic separation between input, output and power supply.

The rack modules can be delivered with a single transducer or with two transducers (double) in each 8 TE module. In a 19" rack there is place for 10 modules. The modules can be delivered in different application types (see separate leaflet).

The transducers in plastic cases contain only one transducer and are mounted directly on profiled bar 35 EN 50022. Connection to self-opening clamps for max 6 mm<sup>2</sup> wires.

### Order facts:

Enclosed for mounting on profiled bar 35 EN 50022	19" rack modul (wide 8 TE)	
	Single	Double
Type	Type	Type
<b>I 480L-15x</b>	<b>I 480R-15x</b>	<b>I 480R-25xx</b>
<b>U 480L-15x</b>	<b>U 480R-15x</b>	<b>U 480R-25xx</b>
<b>U 484L-15x</b>	<b>U 484R-15x</b>	<b>U 484R-25xx</b>
Replace <b>x(x)</b> with last digit(s) for output according to table below		
Output	External resistans load	Last digit <b>x(x)</b>
0 - 5 mA	0-3000 Ω	<b>1</b>
0 -10 mA	0-1500 Ω	<b>2</b>
0 -20 mA	0- 750 Ω	<b>3</b>
4 -20 mA	0- 750 Ω	<b>4</b>
0 -10 V	> 700 Ω	<b>5</b>

### Order form:

Measuring transducer for alternating current  
 Type **I 480L-154**  
 Input 0 - 5 A, 50 Hz  
 Output 4 - 20 mA  
 Power supply 230 V, 50 Hz  
 Enclosed for mounting on profiled bar 35 EN 50022

## Technical data

### Input I 480

Measuring range any value between 0,3 and 10 A  
 Standard ranges 0-1/2/5/6 A  
 Frequency range 15...45 - 65...300 Hz  
 Consumption (burden) < 0,05 VA  
 Overload capacity  $2 \times I_{in}$  continuously  
 $10 \times I_{in}$  during 15 s  
 $40 \times I_{in}$  during 0,5 s

### Input U 480 (U 484)

Measuring range any value between 10 and 500 V  
 (Rack version max 300 V)  
 Standard ranges 0-110/120/132/137,5/250/500 V  
 Frequency 15...45 - 65...300 Hz  
 Consumption (burden)  $< U_{in} \times 1 \text{ mA}$   
 Overload capacity  $1.5 \times U_{in}$  continuously  
 $2 \times U_{in}$  during 10 s

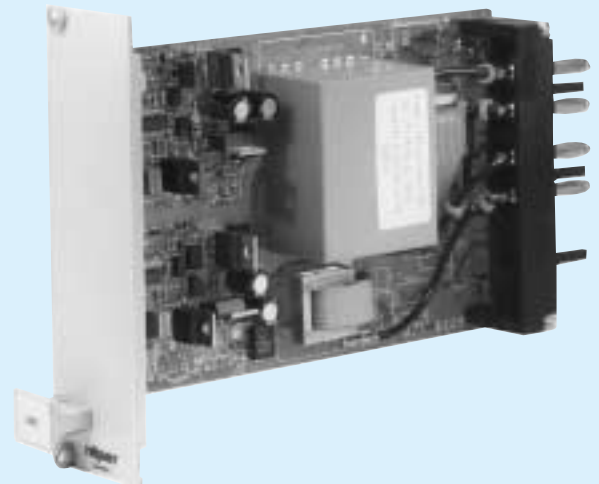
### Output

Output signal (span) min 0-1 mA  
 max 0-20 mA  
 Standard ranges 0...5/10/20 mA, 4-20 mA  
 Load max. 15 V  
 Current limitation < 30 mA  
 Voltage 0-10 V  
 Burden > 700 Ω  
 Ripple < 1% p.p.

IU480-FA



IU480-FB



## General data

Accuracy class 0,5 according to IEC 688  
 0,2 on request  
 Linearity error < 0,1%  
 Response time 0-90% < 80 ms  
 Temperature influence < 0,1%/10°C  
 Temperature range -25...+60°C operation  
 -40...+70°C storage  
 Test voltage 5,6 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min (Rack version 3,7 kV)  
 Power supply 24, 110, 230 VAC ± 15%, 47-70 Hz, ca 2 VA  
 24-130 VDC ± 20%, ca 2,5 W  
 Weight 0,4 kg

### Options on request

## Standards

General standards for measuring transducers EN 60688, IEC 688  
 EMC emission EN 50081-2  
 immunity EN 50082-2 \*  
 Safety EN 61010-1, IEC 1010-1  
 Inputs overvoltage cat. III  
 Outputs overvoltage cat. II  
 Pollution degree 2

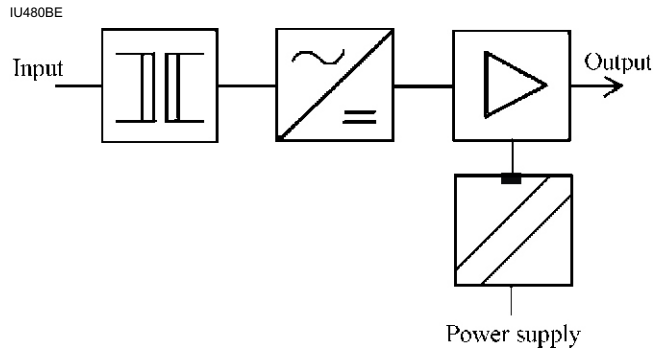
\*) At certain frequencies can minor deviations from the class accuracy occur during the disturbance

## Design

The transducer consists of an input transformer that transforms the input signal to a proper level and at the same time gives galvanic separation between in- and output.

In the next stage rectifying and smoothing is made after which the signal is fed to the output amplifier. Here the signal is transformed to a proportional load independent DC signal.

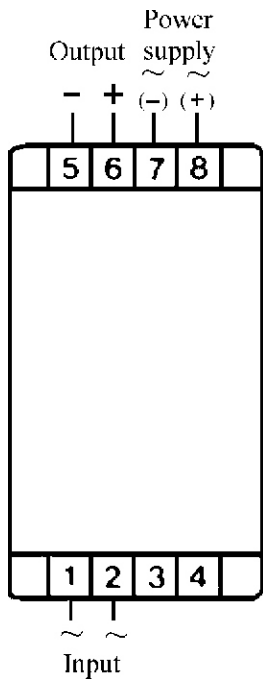
The AC power supply comes from a transformer that gives a galvanic separation. Those parts that need separate power get it via a rectifying stage. The DC power comes from a switched unit that gives galvanic separation and covers the span from 24 to 130 VDC.



## Connection diagrams

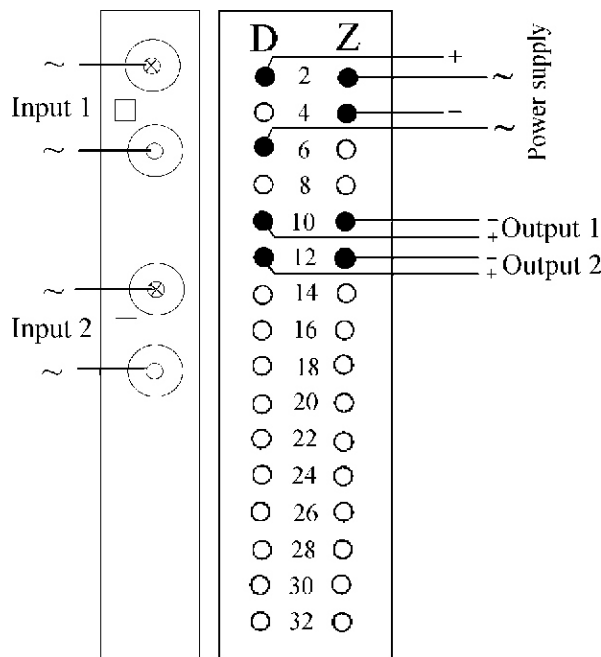
### I/U 480 L

IU480LAE



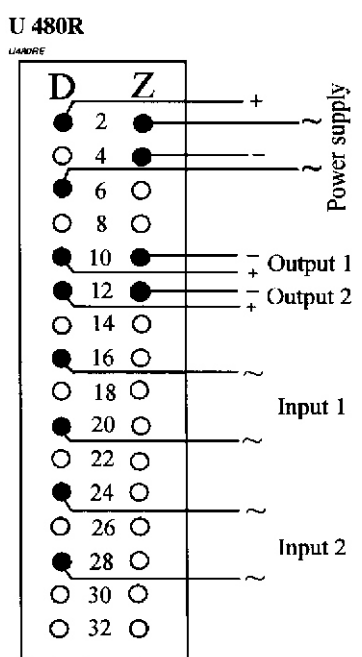
### I 480R

I480RE



### U 480R

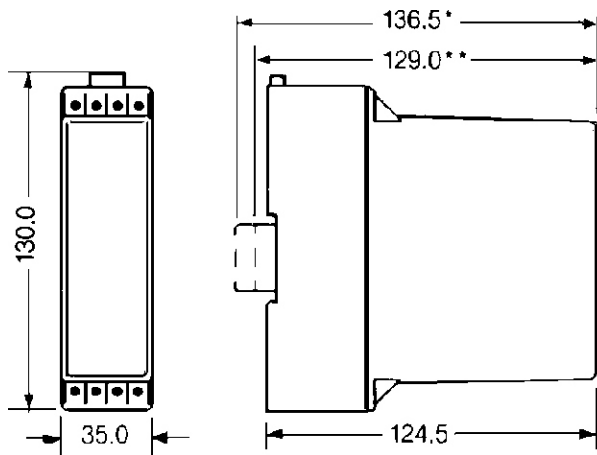
U48 0RE



## Dimensions, mm

### I/U 480L

MAT0MVME



\*) Profile bar 35 EN 50022, high 15 mm

\*\*) Profile bar 35 EN 50022, high 7,5 mm

### I/U 480R

